COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

<u>L.R. No.</u>: 1374-04

Bill No.: SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294

Subject: Education, Elementary and Secondary; Elementary and Secondary Education

Department; Boards, Commissions, Committees, Councils

<u>Type</u>: Original

Date: March 31, 2011

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies provisions relating to charter schools.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	
General Revenue	(\$144,413)	(\$165,826) (\$167,		
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	(\$144,413)	(\$165,826)	(\$167,552)	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	
Total Estimated Net Effect on Other State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 9 pages.

Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294

Page 2 of 9 March 31, 2011

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u>				
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	
General Revenue	3 FTE	3 FTE	3 FTE	
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	3 FTE	3 FTE	3 FTE	

- Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).
- ☐ Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294

Page 3 of 9 March 31, 2011

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Department of Public Safety - Missouri State Highway Patrol** and the **Department of Social Services** anticipate no fiscal impact resulting from this proposal.

Officials from the **Department of Higher Education** assume this proposed legislation would have no direct, foreseeable fiscal impact on their agency.

§160.400

According to officials from the **Department of Elementary and Secondary Education** (**DESE**), this section allows the expansion of charter schools "in any school district in the state". Currently, DESE is adding approximately 6 charter schools per year. The process of adding new charter schools involves more than just approving their charters. This proposed legislation has the potential of significantly increasing the number of charter schools. DESE assumed additional staff will be needed to provide guidance (technical assistance for data collection, certification, fiscal management, special education, food service, assessment, federal program, etc.) to these new charters schools to meet state and federal guidelines. A complicating factor is the high turnover of existing charter schools at the administrative level of existing charter schools.

DESE assumes they would need the following personnel:

- 1.0 FTE director that would only handle charter school business;
- 2.0 FTE supervisors to provide technical assistance for the charter schools (data collection, certification, fiscal management, special education, food service, transportation, assessment, federal programs);
- 2.0 FTE administrative assistants to handle the paperwork and phone calls connected with a growing program.

§160.400.16

Officials from DESE assume this portion of the proposal would not have a fiscal impact on their agency. The Special Administrative Board (SAB) with the task of sponsoring charter schools would be operating outside the DESE domain. It appears the SAB would be connected to a metropolitan school district. Any expenses incurred would be with the metropolitan school district.

LMD:LR:OD (12/02)

Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294

Page 4 of 9 March 31, 2011

ASSUMPTION (continued)

DESE also assumes the SAB would become the governing board of the charter. If the SAB charters a school, the charter school would not be able to elect to become an Local Education Agency (LEA); thus the charter would be a building within the district for purposes of payment. By not having the status of the LEA, the charter school would not be eligible for federal charter funds. If the SAB is dissolved, the charter sponsorship would transfer to the school district's new board under the same circumstances.

\$160.405.6

DESE states that §160.405.6 (1) and (2) proposes that charter schools establish alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit for satisfying graduation requirements. These special arrangements would be approved by the state board of education at the time the charter is approved. Subsection (2) indicates that DESE shall conduct a study of any charter school granted alternative arrangements which will require additional monitoring personnel.

DESE assumes they would need 1.0 FTE supervisor to monitor alternative programs and renewal applications.

In a prior year fiscal note (SB 835 FN 4710-01), DESE assumed these requirements could be handled during the existing Missouri School Improvement Program (MSIP) process. It has since been found that alternative arrangements cannot be integrated into the MSIP process. They must be established and monitored which will require additional personnel.

Oversight notes that the language in the proposal states the study is to be done after three years of operation which goes beyond the scope of this fiscal note. For fiscal note purposes only, **Oversight** will assign no cost.

Oversight assumes that DESE is coordinating the current charter school program with one person. Oversight assumes it is unknown how many new charter schools would be created in addition to increased oversight of existing charter schools. **Oversight** assumes 3 additional FTE (2 Supervisors and 1 Administrative Assistant) can administer the program. These additional FTE may also assist with monitoring alternative programs and renewal applications as outlined in §160.405. If the program expands beyond current growth, additional personal services can be requested through the appropriations process.

Oversight has, for fiscal note purposes only, adjusted the salary and benefits of the supervisors and administrative assistant to correspond with the range for the starting salaries posted by DESE for a similar positions.

LMD:LR:OD (12/02)

L.R. No. 1374-04 Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294 Page 5 of 9 March 31, 2011

\$160.420

Officials from the **Department of Health and Senior Services (DOHSS)** state that, according to information obtained from DESE, there are currently 36 charter schools in Missouri. The number of new charter schools that might arise as a direct result of this legislation is unknown, although the expectation is that the number would be minimal. For the 2010-2011 school year, the total staff size of the 36 schools was approximately 2,120 FTE (certificated and non-certificated). All staff members will be required to be registered and screened through the Family Care Safety Registry. Background screenings for school staff members must be conducted annually. A two percent growth factor for subsequent year registrations has been included in the estimates.

It is assumed during the first year that 2,120 registrations and background screenings will be conducted on school staff members, assuming that none of the school staff members are currently registered with the Family Care Safety Registry.

Given the following assumptions, DOHSS predicts the following FTE needs:

- Approximately 30 percent of registrations and screenings are conducted via the Internet and 70 percent are processed manually.
- One HPR-I/II FTE can process 12,000 manual registrations in a year.
- One HPR-I/II FTE and .5 OSA FTE can process 12,000 manual background screenings in a year.

Additional FTE needs are minimal, therefore DOHSS will not request additional staff related to this proposed legislation.

DOHSS assumes the proposed legislation would result in an estimated 2,120 new registrations in the Family Care Safety Registry for charter school staff in FY 2012 (114 in FY 2013 and 115 in FY 2014). For each registration, \$10 is collected, resulting in \$21,200 in revenue in FY 2012 (\$420 in FY 2013 and \$430 in FY 2014). After FY 2012, the number of new registrations is believed to be minimum and no revenue is assumed in future years. This money will be collected by the Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) and deposited into the Highway Patrol Criminal Records Fund.

DOHSS estimates related postage costs of \$2,131 for FY 12; 1,463 for FY 13; \$1,492 for FY 14.

L.R. No. 1374-04 Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294 Page 6 of 9 March 31, 2011

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight assumes, after verification from a charter school sponsor, that the background checks and registrations in the Family Care Safety Registry are already being done. **Oversight** will assign no revenue for the Highway Patrol Criminal Records fund and will also assume minimal postage costs that can be absorbed with existing appropriations.

§160.539

According to DESE, this section would not appear to create a fiscal impact on the state. While it increases the age of the student that can participate in the flex program, it still maintains that they are pursuing a timely graduation. It would not appear that a great number of students, who have been out of the public schools or charters, are going to enroll just to take part in this. It is more likely aimed at students already enrolled and thus would not create an increase in state aid.

Charter School Sponsors provided the following assumptions regarding this proposed legislation:

University of Missouri - St Louis stated that this proposal and it's proposed changes do not appear to have any fiscal impact for their schools.

Saint Louis University anticipates neither positive nor negative impact.

University of Missouri - Kansas City assume that since in charter school law, neither the district or DESE receive charter school sponsor funding. As a result there should be no significant additional fiscal impact to this proposal.

Officials from the **Parkway School District** state the fiscal impact on their district is unknown, however, they assume there is potential for a significant increase in the number of charter schools. Parkway assumes this could result in additional costs to the state and a reduction of revenues available to traditional public schools.

Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294

Page 7 of 9 March 31, 2011

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2012 (10 Mo.)	FY 2013	FY 2014
GENERAL REVENUE	,		
Cost - Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) - Personal Services (§160.400 & 160.405) - 3 FTE	(007.270)	(#105.001)	(#107.050)
Personal Services Fringe Benefits	(\$87,369) (\$45,729)	(\$105,891) (\$55,423)	(\$106,950) (\$55,978)
Equipment and Expenses Total DESE Expenses	(\$11,315) (\$144,413)	` ' '	
Estimated Net Effect on FTE for DESE	3 FTE	3 FTE	3 FTE
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE	<u>(\$144,413)</u>	<u>(\$165,826)</u>	<u>(\$167,552)</u>
Estimated Net Effect on FTE for General Revenue	3 FTE	3 FTE	3FTE
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2012 (10 Mo.)	FY 2013	FY 2014
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

L.R. No. 1374-04 Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294 Page 8 of 9 March 31, 2011

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This proposed legislation modifies charter school laws.

§160.400

Charter schools may be operated in school districts other than St. Louis and Kansas City provided they are sponsored by the school board of the district in which they are located.

A charter school sponsor must develop policies and procedures for the review of a charter school proposal and the awarding of a charter, including procedures to be used when a school closes for the transfer or repository of student records and the disposition of school assets.

If the state board serves as interim sponsor of a charter school, the board may revoke the school's charter if the school fails to meet academic performance or other goals in the charter.

§160.405.6

This proposal allows proposed or existing high risk or alternative charter schools to include alternative arrangements for students to obtain credits for satisfying graduation requirements in the charter application and charter. Alternative arrangements may include credit for off-campus instruction, embedded credit, work experience, independent studies, and performance-based credit options. Upon approval of the charter by the State Board of Education, any alternative arrangements will be approved at the same time.

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall conduct a study of any such charter school granted alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit after three years of operation to assess student performance, graduation rates, educational outcomes, and entry into the workforce or higher education.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

L.R. No. 1374-04 Bill No. SCS for SB Nos. 291, 184 & 294 Page 9 of 9 March 31, 2011

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Elementary and Secondary Education
Department of Higher Education
Department of Health and Senior Services
Department of Social Services
Department of Public Safety
Missouri State Highway Patrol

Charter School Sponsors
University of Missouri - Kansas City

Saint Louis University University of Missouri - St Louis

School Districts

Parkway School District

Mickey Wilson, CPA

Mickey Wilen

Director

March 31, 2011